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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/880,449	06/13/2001	Joseph Robert Stetter		5183
7:	590 11/29/2005		EXAMINER	
Solomon ZAROMB			SNAY, JEFFREY R	
9S 706 William Hinsdale, IL			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
imisane, iz			1743	
			DATE MAILED: 11/29/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

igwedge .			to
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	,
Office Assistant Communication	09/880,449	STETTER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jeffrey R. Snay	1743	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover shee	et with the correspondence ad	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMU 36(a). In no event, however, ma will apply and will expire SIX (6) e, cause the application to become	JNICATION. ay a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this cone ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status		•	
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 M	1av 2005.		
	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa- closed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal r	· •	merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>15-26 and 31</u> is/are v		eration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 27-30112</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	•	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b) objected	to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abo	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attac	ched Office Action or form PT	O-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio	rity documents have b	een received in this National	Stage
application from the International Bureau	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies	not received.	
•			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Intervi	iew Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper	No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTC)) 152\
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	_	:	J- 102)

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1-14 and 27-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 invokes 35 USC 112, sixth paragraph, by reciting a "means for applying interrogating signals ..., measuring impedance signals ..., and converting the resulting signals into impedance patterns." However, the specification fails to disclose any structural elements by which all three of the recited functions would be accomplished. Because means plus function recitation requires that the claim be limited to that structure disclosed in the specification, and any functional equivalents, the omission of any such structure from the disclosure renders the claim of indeterminate scope.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-5, 8-14 and 27-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tartagni et al.

Tartagni et al discloses a capacitive sensor which anticipates all the presently recited limitations. Indeed, Applicant states at page 5 of the specification that the present invention differs from the Tartagni et al device only by the presence of conductive material at the inert layer (which conductive material is not claimed and appears to depict merely the substance measured during use). In any event, the device of Tartagni et al includes an array of impedence electrode elements (23, 24), covered by a dielectric layer (25). Circuitry means are disclosed for interrogating the electrode elements, receiving signals therefrom, and converting the signals into a visual image of the sensed impedence pattern. See e.g. Figure 5. The dielectric covering layer can be formed from materials including glass, silicon nitride and silicon dioxide (column 8, lines 35-41). At least two channels of information are acquired (see Figure 1).

Regarding instant claims 5, 8, 10-14 and 27-30, it is noted that these claims recited intended uses or capabilities of the device without further reciting any structural limitations not already present in the parent claims. As such, these claims are fully anticipated by Tartagni et al for the same reasons applied to the parent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claims 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tartagni et al in view of Stetter et al.

The device of Tartagni et al, as described above, differs from the claimed invention in that it fails to include a specific binding member disposed at the sensor surface. However, Stetter et al teach the application of such specific binding members on the surface of an impedance based sensor in order to enable detection of immunological binding events. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

art to so modify the surface of the Tartagni et al device in order to expand its utility to include immunological analysis, as per the teaching of Stetter et al.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 09-09-04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant traverses the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, by pointing to various disclosures in the specification that purportedly "dislcose all the features of claim 1." (Applicant's remarks at p. 2). However, none of the referenced parts of the specification disclose any structure by which the means recited in claim 1 would accomplish the associated functions. Applicant has invoked 35 U.S.C. § 112. sixth paragraph, but failed to provide the requisite corresponding structure.

Applicant further argues that the limitation added to claim 1, requiring an outer surface that is "amenable to the attachment of active elements." No special definition is provided by applicant for the term "amenable," and is construed by the examiner as meaning only that attachment of elements is not positively foreclosed. Nothing in the prior art reference positively forecloses the attachment of elements to the surface, and the instant claim limitation is thus satisfied.

Finally, applicant alleges unexpected results. However, applicant has provided absolutely no evidence that any particular result achieved by the claimed invention was

unexpected. As such, the argument is not persuasive to overcome the strong evidence of obviousness proffered by Tartagni et al and Stetter et al.

10. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey R. Snay whose telephone number is (571) 272-1264. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill A. Warden can be reached on (571) 272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey R. Snay Primary Examiner Art Unit 1743

jrs